4 Juan Bojorques

1. Juan Bojorques & Maria Loreto Pelagia Berreyessa - family group
2. Ancestry of Maria Loreto Pelagia Berreyessa (Berreleza)
2a. Excerpt from the will of Carlos Antonio Carrillo
3. Application for a land grant and testimony in the Bolsa de Tomales land case
4. to 9. continued
9a - 9b. Testimony in Arroyo de San Antonio land case
10. Books of Deeds, San Jose
11. Map of part of Pueblo Lands of San Jose.
12. Obituary of Mrs. Loreto Bojorques. The Juan Bojorques adobde site
13. Family in census records and misc. data. 13a. Debt to Carlos Ant. Carrillo
14. Juan Bautista Bojorques & wife Elizabeth Howe - family group
15. Obit. of John Bojorques (Juan Bautista Bojorques), misc. data
16. Charles Edgar Evans & wife Elizabeth Theodora Bojorques
17. Inquest of John M. Bojorques
18. cont.
19. cont. Misc. data on J. C. Bojorques and William Lucas Bojorques
20. George Francis Farley & Mary Ann (Angela) Bojorques - family group

Typed - 1991 - 92

Recuerdos Historicos de la Alta California related by Juan Bojorques for H. H. Bancroft's History of California were translated in 1984 by Dana Buchanan Ph.d and are in a seperate part. They are about campaigns against the Indians under Estanislao in the Central Valley and then the fiasco at Clear Lake. Juan Bojorques was wounded near the eye by an arrow in the first campaign.

Accounts are given in History of Calif. H. H. Bancroft, Vol. III, p. 111-Estanislao Vol. IV, p. 363 - Clear Lake

The Society of Calif. Pioneers Quarterly, Sep. 1932, p. 196 - Clear Lake

Delta West The Land and People of the Sacramento - San Joaquin Delta. Photographs by Roger Minick, Historical Essay by Dave Bohn. 1969

The History Of Miss ion San Jose, California 1797-1835 by Francis Florence McCarthy 1958, gives a very detailed account of the Estanislao campaign. Stanislaus County was named after him.

Some additions and corrections, 1993

Roger Rehm

JUAN BOJORQUES, b. 16 Dec. 1806, San Jose, bap. 18th. Misn. Sta. Clara, Calif. 1.
Pts: Bartolome Francisco Bojorques & wife Maria Nicolasa Linares
Sponsor was Maria Luisa Botillier.
m. 1835. S.F. Presidio Chapel, Cal.
d. Jan. 1889, San Jose, Cal.

Wife:
MARIA LORETO PELAGIA BERREYESA, b. 23 Mar. 1813, S.F. Presidio.
d. 19 July 1903, 224 W. San Fernando St. San Jose, Cal
Pts: Jose de los Reyes Berreyesa & wife Maria Zacarias Bernal
See obit.

Children:
1. MARIA de JESUS JULIANA, b. 28 Jan. 1840, Bap. 30th. Misn. Sta. Clara, Pads: mothers pts.
m. 12 July 1865 Bk B, Sta. Clara Co. to Jesus Oleata
d.

2. CIBRIANA, b. c. 1842, Laguna de San Antonio ? Sonoma side
m.
d.

3. MARIA ANTONIA, b.c. 1844
m. 20 Feb. 1859, Misn. Sta. Clara, husb. Portugeuse. Wits: Juan Lesieus & Cipriana Bojorques.
d.

4. JOSE REYES, b. Aug. 1846, bap. 25 Oct. Misn. San Rafael, Pads: Juan Jose Castro & Maria Petra Bernal by Fr. Santillan.
m.
d.

5. JUAN BAUTISTA, b. 1848, San Jose
m. 3 May 1872, Sta. Clara Co. Bk. C. Elizabeth Angela Howe, a cousin
d. 15 Jan. 1926, S.F. Cal. Obit. p. 15

6. JOSE BARTOLOME MARCIAL, 1850, San Jose
m.
d.

7. FELIPE BELISARIO, b. 1852, bap. San Jose
m.
d.

8. ABELLISANDO, b. c. 1853
m.
d.

9. JACINTA, b. 1854, San Jose
m. 21 Mar. 1872, bk C, Sta. Clara Co. to Antony Carrillo from Sonoma Co.
d. Went to Santa Barbara

10. FRANCISCO, b. c. 1857, San Jose, Cal.
m.
d.

from Keith Ponsford, 1st, geanologist of Los Californianos: Santa Clara Mts. #32II Dec 14, 1862, Francisco Jose Bojorquez, 56, never before baptised and I baptized him, and he renewed his marriage vows with Loreta Be-Barryesa, first made in the year 1839, de Rafael Franco. y Jesus Moreno. Bosco. (I do not know why he is not named Juan Bojorques or why he said he had not been baptized. RR

Bap. Misn. S.F. de Solano, Maria Antonia Ignacia, 1 May 1843 to Juan Bojorques & Maria Ignacia Lopez

Do not know if this is the same Juan Bojorques

Data taken from the Index to original grants and patents of Sta. Clara Co. Sent by Bartolome Truett Sepulveda, 12/24/70

14 Jan. 1847 Juan Bojorkiss (to) K.H. Dimmick - Alcalde (from) Bk. 4 p. 56.
(25 on (V) W.s. Mkt. Place)

Ancestor Chart

Name of Compiler ROGER REHM

Address 4601 LAKE ROJO #184

City, State W. SACRAMENTO, CAL.

Date MAY 6. 1990

Person No. 1 on this chart is the same person as No. ____ on chart No. ____.

b. Date of Birth
p.b. Place of Birth
m. Date of Marriage
d. Date of Death
p.d. Place of Death

1 MARIA LORETO PELAGIA BERREYESA
b. 23 MAR. 1813
p.b. S.F. PRESIDIO, CAL. bap. 24th. MISN. S.F. de ASIS
m. 25 AUG. 1839, MISN. STA. CLARA, CAL.
d. 18 JULY 1903
p.d. 224 W. SAN FERNANDO, SAN JOSE, CAL.

2 JOSE de los REYES BERRELESA (Father of No. 1)
GRANTEE OF RANCHO SAN VICENTE, STA. CLARA CO.
b. 6 JAN. 1785, bap. 7th. MISN. STA. CLARA, CAL.
p.b. SAN JOSE, CAL.
m. 30 NOV. 1805, MISN. STA. CLARA, CAL.
d. 28 JUNE 1846, SHOT WITH THE de HARO TWINS
p.d MISN. SAN RAFIEL,

3 MARIA ZACARIAS BERNAL (Mother of No. 1)
b. 1791 bap. 6 NOV. MISN. S.F. de ASIS. CAL.
p.b. S.F. PRESIDIO
d.
p.d.

4 NICOLAS ANTONIO BERRELEZA I ✓ (Father of No. 2)
COYOTE
b. c. 1761-3
p.b. LA VILLA de SINALOA, SINALOA, MEX.
m. 12 OCT. 1779, MISN. STA. CLARA, CAL.
d. 19 OCT. 1804, bur. 20th. MISN. STA CLARA, CAL.
p.d

5 MARIA GERTRUDIS PERALTA ✓ (Mother of No. 2)
b. c. 1767
p.b. TUBIC PRESIDIO, SONORA, MEX.
d. 31 DEC. 1802
p.d. MISN. SAN JOSE, CAL.

6 JOSE JOAQUIN BERNAL ✓ (Father of No. 3)
GRANTEE OF RANCHO SANTA TERESA, STA. CLARA CO.
b. c. 1762
p.b. RANCHO del TULE, SINALOA, IN HIS MILITARY RECORD
m. 4 JAN. 1785, MISN. S.F. de ASIS. CAL.
d. 12 JUNE 1837, bur. 14th. MISN. STA. CLARA. CAL.
p.d

7 MARIA JOSEFA DARIA SANCHEZ ✓ (Mother of No. 3)
b. c. 1769
p.b. VILLA de SINALOA, SINALOA, MEXICO
d. MAR. 1858, bur. 17th. MISN. STA. CLARA. CAL.
p.d.

8 CAYETANO BERRELEZA (Father of No. 4)
DID NOT COME TO CAL.
b.
p.b.
m.
d.
p.d

9 NICOLASA MICAELA LEYBA (Mother of No. 4)
" " " "
b.
p.b.
d.
p.d

10 GABRIEL ANTONIO PERALTA ✓ (Father of No. 5)
b. 1731-33
p.b. TERRENATE PRESIDIO, SONORA, MEX.
m.
d. 22 OCT. 1807
p.d SAN JOSE, CAL., bur. 23rd. MISN. STA. CLARA

11 FRANCISCA XAVIERA VALENZUELA ✓ (Mother of No. 5)
b. c. 1741
p.b. TERRENATE PRESIDIO, SONORA, MEX
d. 3 MAR. 1810
p.d. SAN JOSE, CAL. bur. 4th. MISN. STA CLARA, CAL.

12 JUAN FRANCISCO BERNAL(I) ✓ (Father of No. 6)
MESTIZO
b. 1737
p.b. RANCHO del TULE, SINALOA, MEX
m. c. 1760
d. 28 OCT. 1802, bur. MISN. S.F. de ASIS. CAL.
p.d

13 ANA MARIA JOSEFA de SOTO ✓ (Mother of No. 6)
b. c. 1748
p.b. VILLA de SINALOA, SINALOA, MEX
d. OCT. 1818, bur. 28th. MISN. S.F. DE STA. CLARA ?
p.d.

14 JOSE ANTONIO SANCHEZ(I) ✓ (Father of No. 7)
M. Z. JUANA SAENZ
b. c. 1751
p.b. LA VILLA de SINALOA, SINALOA, MEX
m.
d. FEB. 1805, bur. 21st. MISN. STA. CLARA, CAL.
p.d

15 MARIA DOLORES MORALES ✓ (Mother of No. 7)
b.
p.b.
d. 8 DEC. 1791, bur " MISN. STA. CLARA, CAL
p.d.

16 From: Ranchos of Calif. by R. G. Cowan
San Vicente. Santa Clara Co. e. of Almaden. 1 league was granted in 1842 to Jose de los Reyes Berryesa, whose heirs were claimants for 4438 acres, patented June 24, 1868.

17

18 Santa Teresa. Santa Clara Co. n.w. of Coyote. 1 league granted to Joaquin Bernal in 1834. Agustin Bernal was claimant for 9647 acres, patented Mar. 8, 1867.

19

20 b. (Father of No. 10, Cont. on chart No. ____)
m.
d.

21 (Mother of No. 10, Cont. on chart No. ____)
b.
d.

22 b. (Father of No. 11, Cont. on chart No. ____)
m.
d.

23 (Mother of No. 11, Cont. on chart No. ____)
b.
d.

24 JUAN BERNAL DID NOT COME TO CALIF (Father of No. 12, Cont. on chart No. ____)
b.
m.
d.

25 MARIA CLARA CABRERO " " " " (Mother of No. 12, Cont. on chart No. ____)
b.
d.

26 JUAN NICOLAS de SOTO DID NOT COME TO CALIF. (Father of No. 13, Cont. on chart No. ____)
b.
m.
d.

27 MARIA JULIANA de AVILA " " " " " " (Mother of No. 13, Cont. on chart No. ____)
b.
d.

28 IGNACIO XAVIER SANCHEZ DID NOT COME TO CALIF. (Father of No. 14, Cont. on chart No. ____)
b.
m.
d.

29 JULIANA LOUISA MEDINA " " " " " " (Mother of No. 14, Cont. on chart No. ____)
b.
d.

30 b. (Father of No. 15, Cont. on chart No. ____)
m.
d.

31 (Mother of No. 15, Cont. on chart No. ____)
b.
d.

JUAN BOJORQUES (Spouse of No. 1)
b. 16 DEC. 1806 d. JAN. 1889
p.b. SAN JOSE, CAL. p.d. SAN JOSE, CAL.

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from The Spanish Archives, State of Calif. Archives, Sacramento. Translation of the 1860's probably by Juan Clar. Spanish Grants and Quarterdecks is by his grandson C. Raymond Clar.

Application for a land grant.
260 Juan Bojorques Land near Laguna de San Antonio

To His Excellency the Governor

Juan Bojorques, a farmer, residing within the jurisdiction to your excellency with the most profound respect state -

That owning some cattle and horses at the rancho of Laguna de San Antonio, belonging to my father Don Bartolome Bohorques, and wishing to insure my family a tract of land suitable to raise cattle and other agricultural labors, and knowing that there is a vacant place between those of Don Rafael Garcia, Don Bartolome Hohorques, Do Victor Castro and Don Juan Vioget, which land from the entrance of the Canada of San Antonio to the Hill of San Lucas, contains the extent of two square leagues , a little more or less, I request your excellency to be pleased to order the ownership thereof to be granted to me, for which I offer to conform with the laws and regulations no established and to be established in the matter.

Wherefore Ipray your Excellency to order a de ? ose as I as k, excusing the use of common paper in default of that of the corresponding stamp.

Sonoma August 26, 1845

Juan Bojorques

L.S. Angeles April 7th, 1846

Let the present be forwarded to the Prefect of the 2 District that he may dispatch it, after which, it will be returned to this Government for the proper resolution, with the understanding that it is indispensable for the applidant to annex the respective (?) map.

Pico (then Governor of Mexican California)

Note: The land was granted to Juan Padilla as Bolsa de Tomales extending west from Rancho Laguna de San Antonio.

from Land Case 121 ND Bolsa de Tomales, p. 177

31 July 1860, N.D. Spilvalo, interpreter

Question 1st, by Counsel for the Claimant.
What is your name, age, and place of residence?
Ans. My name is Juan Bojorques, my age is 54 years, and I reside in Santa Clara Co.
2nd. Where did you reside before occupation of California, by the Americans?
Ans. In the rancho called the Laguna San Antonio, granted to my father Bartolo Bojorques.
3d When did you first reside at the Laguna de San Antonio and how long did you reside there?
Ans. We founded the ranch in 1841, and lived there about seven or eight years after.
4th. Do you know Juan N. Padilla, if so how long, have you known him?
Ans. I do know him, I knew him three years, before the occupation by the Americans.
5 Did he ask for any rancho or ranchos in California before the American occupation?
Ans. He did, first for the Roblar de Miseria, and after for the Bolsa de Tomales.
6 What are the boundaries of the Rancho Bolsa de Tomales?
Ans. The boundaries are our ranch of Laguna de San Antonio, the ranchos of J.I. Vioget, ~~by the sea~~ and towards the sea, the rancho of Capt. Smith, and James Black.
7 State whether or n ot Juan N. Padilla , occupied the rancho Bolsa de Tomales befor the American occupation?
Ans. Yes sir, he did occupy it, and I am sure of it, because thinking it as unoccupied, I placed my cattle there, and he drove them out claiming the ranch as his own.
8 State in what manner he occupied the ran ch Bolsa de Tomales?

Ans. He occupied it with cattle and two droves of horses.

9. How many cattle did he have on the ranch?

Ans. Over three hundred head.

10 Who took care of his cattle on the Rancho Bolsa de Tomales?

Ans. His vaqueros, they were Nicolas Frias, and an Indian called Ireneo another by the name of Cardero, Jose Salazar, Antonio Talamantes, and different other Indians.

11. Where did his vaqueros live?

Ans. There in his house.

12. Where was the house situated?

Ans. In a place called "La Pasa de Cadiano".

13. In what ranch is "Las Pasas de Casieano"?

Ans. On the rancho Bolsa de Tomales.

14. In what direction is the Canada de Casiano from the point called Las dos Piedras is it towards or away from the sea?

Ans. Towards the sea.

15. Describe the house that was built in Las Pasas de Casiano.

Ans. It was made of large shakes plastered and covered with mud, the roof made out of dry tules or rushes.

16 Did or did not he, Padilla, cultivate any lands about the house?

Ans. Yes sir.

17. How long after you went to the Laguna de San Antonio, did Padilla commence to occupy the rancho Bolsa de Tomales?

Ans. About three years after.

18. Did you ever hear that Padilla had a grant, for the Bolsa de Tomales?

Question objected to as being hearsay.

Ans. He petitioned for it to Gen'l M.G. Vallejo, Marcus Vaca being Alcalde, meanwhile, he had possession of the ranch, and his cattle pasturing there, as he has no pasturage on the ranch, because it had been burned, and Marcus Vaca told me that I had been too slow, in asking for said ranch, and that there was no use my trying to get it, as it already belonged to Padilla.

19 Was it before or after the occupation of the country by the Americans, that Marcus Vaca told you this? (Note: Vaca came with his father's family from New Mexico and the Pena family whose restored adobe is to the south of Vacaville, Solano Co.)

Ans. It was before.

20. How long before the occupation by the Americans was it that Marcus Vaca told you this?

Ans. About three years, a little more or less.

21. How long was it /before Marcus Vaca told you this, was ~~before~~ that you attempted to pasture your cattle on this land, thinking it to be public land as you say?

Ans. Perhaps about one year before, the same Marcus Vaca being Alcalde, called me and ordered me to take my cattle off that land and let Padilla have his there.

22. State if the house of which you have spoken was already built, at the time when as you said Padilla forbid you to pasture your cattle?

Ans. No, it had not been built as yet.

23. How long afterwards was it built ?

Ans. A very little afterwards, The Alcalde called me, and put me out by force, and then he then he, Padilla built his house.

24. Were you present when the house was being built?

Ans. No I was not. When I knew of it, it had already been built.

25. State whether it was before or after this house was built, that the Rancho Roblar de la Miseria was burnt over.

Ans. It was before, and it was on that very account that he, Padilla came to the Bolsa de Tomales.

26. Had Padilla a house on the Roblar de la Miseria?

Ans. Yes sir, I don't know whether it was burnt or not.

27. How far was this house on the Roblar de Miseria from where you lived?

Ans. I think about two leagues.

28. State ~~how long~~ if Padilla had been living in that house on the Roblar and if he had a family?

Ans. Yes he lived there, and he had a family.

29. State if you saw the house after the fire, and if Padilla and his family were ther living in it?

Ans. I did not go there after the burning of the Roblar, as I was never with him because he had caused me to be driven out of the Bolsa de Tomales.

30. Did Padilla and his family ever live in the house on the Bolsa de Tomales?

Ans. No, sometimes he went to sleep there and at other times in his house at the Roblar.

31. Did Gen'l Vallejo have a rancho adjoining the Roblar with a dwelling house in it.

Ans. Yes.

32. What distance was this house, from that of Padilla's on the Roblar?

Ans. About a league and a half.

33. Whose cattle pastured on the Roblar, about a year after the fire?

Ans. The cattle of Gen'l Vallejo pastured there sometimes, when it was not driven out, and some of Padillas cattle came from the Bolsa de Tomales to pasture there, till the vaqueres came to drive then away.

34. In what year was it, that the Americans came to occupy the country?

Ans. I know not, I was then living on the Rancho Laguna San Antonio, I don't know whether it was in 1846 or 1847.

35. Do you know where Padilla was living at that time?

Ans. Yes, he living on his rancho of Roblar de la Miseria, and sometimes he used to to to Sonoma.

36. How frequently did you see him that Spring and Summer?

Ans. I used to see him very often, sometimes; once a week.

37. How was Padilla occupying himself at that time?

Ans. Taking care of his cattle.

38. Up to what time did he continue to be there engaged, and when did he leave that part of the country finally?

Ans. Untill he sold his cattle, when the Americans came. I don't know whether he sold his cattle all at once, but I know he sold them to Molina and Berreyesa.

his
Juan x Bojorques,
mark

San Francisc, Cal.
August 9th 1860

Present: Henry Wilkins Esq of Counsel for claimants, and Calhouse Betham Esq. U.S. Dist. Atty for the U.S.

Direct Examination resumed.

39. Was there a difficulty between you and Juan N. Padilla before the Alcalde Marcus Baca? If so what was the result of it?

Ans. When Padilla first put his cattle on the rancho de Tomales, I had some there, and objected to his putting mine off, this was the cause of our difficulty, the Alcalde imprisoned me I broke through a window and went home.

Cross Examination resumed.

Questions by Counsel for the U.S.

40. What did Padilla complain of, in that difficulty before the Alcalde?

Ans. He complained that I was unwilling to take me cattle off the ranch.

41. What right ~~in fact~~ or title did Padilla claim in that investigation before Baca? The Bolsa de Tomales?

Ans. The land was unoccupied then, he wanted to get it, and so did I, He claimed it exclusively for himself.

42. How did Padilla claim it if he had no title?

Ans. I don't why.

43. How did Padilla claim to have a right to use the land exclusively himself and to keep your cattle off from it, if it was admitted to be public land?

Ans. Because his rancho was burned, and there was grass on the Bolsa de Tomales, and he wanted to put his cattle there, He asked my father to give him the use of some land which he refused to do. I heard nothing of the land being granted or asked for at that time, The Alcalde gave Padilla permission to occupy the tract, and ordered me to take my cattle off. I afterwards heard that the land had been granted. After the Americans came he went to Los Angeles and brought his papers from there. I had asked for the rancho but finding that he had asked for it before, & desisted. I asked for the rancho after he had put his cattle on it, He had not received his papers, but as Gen'l Vallejo desired that he, Padilla, should have it, rather than myself, he was allowed to keep possession until he got his papers.

44. Do you recollect distinctly when it was that you heard Padilla had got his papers from Los Angeles?

Ans. It was after he returned from Los Angeles, and when he had fled down there from the Americans.

45. How long after ~~returned from having~~ he fled to Los Angeles from the Americans was it, that he returned?

Ans. I don't know how long he was gone.

46. Were not some of Padilla's cattle pasturing on your father's rancho all the time that Padilla was gone?

Ans. No sir, some of his cattle occasionally strayed over and mingled with ours, but his ~~cattle~~ vaqueros would come over and take them to the Rincon.

47. ~~Just bef~~ Did not Padilla just before fleeing to Los Angeles from the Americans have a part of his cattle driven to Sonoma, and another part to your father's rancho?

Ans. No sir, All I saw was that sometimes when part of his cattle strayed the Americans would take them to Sonoma and slaughter them. When Padilla was gone, and a short time after Nicolas Frias brought some of them over to our rancho, but he was afraid the Americans would get them all. I don't know what time of the year it was.

48. When was the first time that you saw Padilla after he went to Los Angeles?

Ans. I don't remember, I think it was about a year.

49. Did you see Padilla shortly after he came back from Los Angeles?

Ans. I saw him soon after his return.

50. Did you have any conversation with him at that time?

Ans. Yes sir.

51. Did he say that he had been to Mexico?

Ans. No sir, only to Los Angeles.

52. What had happened to make him or Frias afraid of the Americans, at the time he went south?

Ans. Because he was the leader of the force that opposed the Americans.

53. Had there been any fights between the forces under Padilla and the Americans?

Ans. They had a fight at the rancho de Olompali between Petaluma ans San Rafael.

54. Were there any persons killed in that fight?

Ans. A man named Cantua was killed, and man named Agabon Ruiz ~~was wound~~ and another named Isadoro were wounded. I think none of the Americans were killed. The two De Haro boys were killed a short time before this fight.

Padilla then went to Saucelito escaped over, then went to Monterey, stayed there a few days, and then went down.

his
Juan x Bojorquez
mark

Sworn to and suscribed this 9th day of August 1860, before me. W.A. Chevers.
N. Com: (U.S.)

In the District Court of the United States
For the Northern District of California

United States
v.
Mary S. Bennett

Bojorques, Juan
361 ND p. 369

In Land Cases Dist. Court
No. 361 Land Com. No. 718

Be it remembered, that on this first day of March A.D. 1862, at the City of San Francisco, in the District Aforesaid, before me. Wm. H. Chevers, a Commissioner duly appointed by the Circuit Court of the United States for the Districts of California to take depositions of witnesses, in civil causes depending in the Courts of the United States, pursuant to the Acts of congress in that behalf, personally appeared Juan Bojorques a witness produced in behalf of the claimant in the above entitled cause, now pending in said court under the acts of Congress to ascertain and settle the private land claims in the State of California, who, being duly sworn, testified as follows: his evidence being interpreted by A. D. Splivalo a sworn interpreter.

Present: E. Stanly Esq. and E.L. Gould Esq. counsel for claimant and WH Sharp Esq. U.S. Atty for the U.S.

Questions in behalf of the claimant.

Question 1s. What is your name, age, and place of residence?

And. My name is Juan Bojorques, my age is about 55 years and I reside in the town of Santa Clara.

2. How long have you lived in Santa Clara County?

A. I was born and raised there.

3. Did you know that place in Santa Clara county, which was known as the Alta of Santa Clara before that occupation of the country by the Americans?

A. I did.

4. Did you know where Mrs. Bennett's corral was situated formerly?

A. I did.

5. Did you know where the ?ewing grounds of Mrs. Bennett were situated the same time?

A. Yes they were higher up than the corral. 8.

6. Did you point out lately to Mr. Stratton the surveyor, the location of the places you have mentioned?

A. Yes sir.

7. Were you or not so well acquainted with the places mentioned that you could without being mistaken point out their likes to Mr. Stratton?

A. Yes, I was.

8. State if you recollect the removal of the mission buildings to their present locations, and if so why they were so removed?

A. I do remember it, I had been serving as a soldier for two years, I was then about twenty years of age, They were removed because the place they occupied was very low, and the church was continually settling.

Cross Examination raised
eposition closed

his
Juan x Bojorques
mark

Subscribed and sworn to this 1st day of March A.D. 1862 before me.
W.H. Chevers. U.S. Com

361 Land mission Santa Clara p. 278 Juan Bojorques

Que. Is this the whole of it

A. All that is high; have you not eyes to see as well as I do

Que. Take us over the alta and show us as much of it as you can.

Witness went along Washington street to a point opposite to J. A. Forbe's house and said from here the water runs off in all directions. Don't know where the water runs to; if you want to know take a spirit level.

Parr the interpreter explained to witness the position of Wa kin's house and asked him if he knew of any Alta there. He said he knew of Alta there but not the Altas of Santa Clara.

Que. Do you know of any Altas of Santa Clara other the one we have just walked over.

A. There are many Altas but none by the name of Santa Clara.

Que. Do I understand you to say that water will run from here to the Indian serving ground in the Bahia. (bay)

A. How do I know, if you will wait till I get the spirit level I will tell you.

Q. Do you not know where the ground Mr. Lent lived is higher than the ground we have just walked over.

A. What business have we to do with that I came here to testify about the Alta of Santa Clara.

Q. Where does the Alta of Santa Clara begin and where does it end.

A. I do not know.

Q. Have you any idea of the length and breadth of the Alta.

A. I do not know if you wish I will measure it for you.

Q. Is there any bahia between this and where Washington house is.

A. I do not know. I did not come here to testify of that.

Juan Bijorques

Examined in Washington Street opposite Forbes house.

Q Point out to us the Alta of Santa Clara as unders tood in '45 and '46.

A. Prior to that I knew the "Alta of Santa Clara. It commenced at the old barracks (near Mrs. Lives ?) and goes around ? to San Jose, it goes along this street to the old Mission corral

Q. How far does it go to the westward.

A. I do not know but know that the soldiers formerly said that they were going to change the Mission and put it on the Alta, I think they spoke of it thirty years ago.

Q. Does not the Alta run over over in the direction of the Indian serving grounds.

A. Of course it does.

Q. Do you know where the Indian serving grounds are.

A. I do.

Q. In going westward after passing the "Alta of the Mission" do you pass the Indians serving grounds.

A. Yes, the Indians serving grounds were below where the two trees were.

Direct resumed

Q. Do you mean to say that the Indian serving grounds are immediately next to and join to the Alta of Santa Clara or do you mean to say that there is land between them.

Teodora (o?) Robles

Witness was examined standing in the same place bix. in Washington Street opposite Forbe"s house.

Q. Explain and point at what was considered the "Alta of Santa Clara before the Americans came.

A. Immediately after rising from the "Bahia" you came upon the "Alta", Witness pointe out the surrounding high ground in a northwardly Westwardly and southwardly as the "Alta"

Q. Do you know where the two trees were near Watkins house and were they in the Alta

A. I know where the two trees were but do not know whether they were or were not on the "Alta".

Jose Antonio Bernal (Gwld) x

Que Do you know the "Alta where the two trees were
(page adjoining top of 279)

Que. Is this the whole of it

A. All that is high; have you not eyes to see

Note: All this illustrates the tedious questions asked of witnesses in the land grant cases about locations of landmarks and boundaries. The grants were measured by lariats on horseback and square leagues guessed at. The term "more or less" was often used.

Probate Section of the County Clerk"s office, San Jose - sent by Bart Sepulveda, 1970

Bojorques, Juan - Register G Case #2506 page 122 (a descendant of his namesake below)
Open: 5 June 1890 Closed: 17 September, 1890
Died: 8 January, 1889
Heirs: Loretta Berryessa de Bojorques - 74 years. (Widow)
Maria Bojorques - 51 yrs.
John (Juan) Bojorques - 48 years.
Cipriano Bojorques - 44 years
Bartolo Sepulveda - 41 yrs.
A. Bojorques - 39 yrs.
Columbo Bojorques - 36 yrs.
Estate Value: $ 1,500 Home and lot in Santa Clara at southeast corner of Market and Alviso St s. 59½ feet on Alviso St. by 86½ feet on Market St. Housewares: $ 100.

Bojorques, Juan - Register 35 - Case #17,317 - Page 590 Open June 19, 1930

Bojorques, Leonardo - Register 37-Case # 18,071 - Page 255 Open: 10 Sept. 1931

No other Bojorques family listed in Probates.

from Land Case 346 ND Arroyo de San Antonio, p. 288 - sent by Robert Ryal Miller
Questions in behalf of the claimant
Question 1st, State your name, age, and place of residence
Ans. 1. Juan Bojorquez - age 40 years of age - I reside in Santa Clara.
Ques. 2. Did you ever reside on what is now known as ~~San Antonio~~ Creek the Rancho Laguna de San Antonio?
Ans. 2. Yes, I did.
Ques. 3. Who owned the Rancho de Laguna de San Antonio?
Ans. 3. My Father, Bartolome Bojorquez & his family.
Ques. 4. In what year did you go there to reside?
Ans. 4. In 1841-
Ques. 5. At that time who was in possession of the Rancho de San Antonio?
Ans. 5. The Rancho de Laguna de San Antonio was in the possession of my Father and myself & bordering on that Ranch the Rancho of Arroyo de San Antonio was in the possession of Ortega and Miranda.
Ques. 6. At that time who claimed the Rancho Arroyo de San Antonio?
(Objected to as irrelevant & incompetant).
Ans. 6. Don Antonio Ortega.
Ques. 7. Did Miranda occupy for himself or any one else?
(Objected to as incompetant).
Ans. 7. He occupied it for Senor Ortega.
Ques. 8. How do you know that fact?
Ans. 8. Senor Miranda had frequent intercourse with me at my house and he said that the ranch belonged to Senor Ortega?
Ques. 9. Where did Theodore Miranda reside? (objected to as irrelevant).
Ans. 9. He lived on the Rancho of Senor Ortega.
Ques. 10. Did Theodore Miranda ever tell you for whom he occupied the Ranch?
(Objected to as assuming the fact that he occupied it for some one, as irrelevant, leading & incompetent hearsay).
Ans. 10. He said, that he occupied it for Senor Ortega, Ortega promising to give him (Miranda) a little piece of land and to give none to anybody else.
Cross Examination Ques by Atty for U.S.
Ques. 11. When and by whom was the Rancho de Laguna de San Antonio granted to your Father?
Ans. 11. I petitioned for myself & my Father as the head of the family, in 1849,-The grant was made by Don Pio Pico It was in 1839 that I petitioned for the grant.
Ques. 12. The last question is repeated to the Witness.
(Question objected to as the grant is in writing).
Ans. 12 I don't remember when the grant was made, the application for it was made in 1839. I don't recollect the year in which it was made.
Ques. 13. How long after your petition was it that the grant was issued?
Ans. 13. I don't know.
Ques. 14. Was it as much as a year?
Ans. 14. I don't know.
Ques. 15. Was it as much as one year two years or three years?
Ans. 15 I cant recollect, It was three or four years more or less that my father had the papers.
Ques. 16 Did you or your Father live upon said Rancho before it was granted to you?
Ans. 16. Yes, Gen'l Vallejo gave us a paper to enable us to settle there.
Ques. 17. Did Gen'l Vallejo give you this paper before or after you petitioned for the land?
Ans. 17. He gave it to us in 1839, the same year in which I petitioned.
Ques. 18. How long did you & you Father live upon said Ranch before ~~petitioning for the land~~ you obtained the Grant?
Ans. 18 I don't know when the concession was made.
Ques. 19. What were the boundaries described in the Grant to your Father in your petition to the Governor? (Objected to as not responsive to the Examination in chief (?) & as not competent because the grant is in writing & described the boundaries.
Ans. 19. The colindantes.
Ques. 20. Who were the colindantes described in your petition & the grant?
(Question objected to as before).
Ans. 20. ~~Juan Ortega~~ Don Antonio Ortega & Juan Martin-That's all.

Ques. 21. Are you certain that Don Antonio Ortega was specified as one of those colindantes?
Ans. 21 Yes, Because he was always one of our colindantes.
Ques. 22. When did Juan Miranda tell you he occupied the land for Don Antonio Ortega?
Ans. 22. After we had been there about two years.
Ques. 23. Who was present at the conversation & heard him tell you so?
Ans. 23. In our frequent meetings we talked of it & and on the road to Tomales. I don't know whether any body was present or not. There might have been but I don't recollect.
Ques. 24. When did you first see Ortega in possession of the Rancho Arroyo de San Antonio?
Ans. 24. When I petitioned in 1839 for the Rancho de Laguna de San Antonio, Ortega had a small house on the Arroyo of San Antonio.
Ques. 25. You have said he was in possession in 1841, how long did he continue in possession after that?
Ans. 25. I don't know, I don't recollect.
Ques. 26. Why do you recollect that he was in possession in 1841.
Ans. 26. Because I lived on my Ranch.
Ques. 27. Did you not live there also in 1842, 1843 & 1844?
Ans. 27. I lived there until the coming of the Americans.
Ques. 28. Was Antonio Ortega in the Possession & occupation of the Rancho Arroyo de San Antonio all that time?
Ans. 28. I think he was. Deposition closed his Juan x Bojorquez

Subscribed & Sworn to before me this 28 July A.D. 1861 Cutler McCallister

Note: J.N. Bowman on this Rancho says it was first occupied by Juan Martin for General Victoria with stock in 1832 untill 1837. The site was known to the Indians as Gotoqui or Wotoke and called San Patricio according to H.H. Bancroft and he cultivated some land. His palizada site is unknown. I think I read the Indians chased him off. He became grantee of Corte de Madera de Novato which included Hick's Valley, the Indians name was Colenqueche which is not always spelled the same way. J.N. Bowman says the Miranda palizada site was about 1000 feet north of San Antonio Creek and the County line and about 1/4 of a mile east of the San Rafael - Petaluma highway now H. 101. Antonio Ortega came to Calif. in the Hijar-Padres colony of 1834 from Mexico. When he went to Oregon and left his father in law Juan Miranda in charge who after four years of Ortegas absence petitioned for and received the Arroyo de San Antonio grant. The smallpox epidemic of 1838 killed off most of the Indians in the north bay area and made it easier for setterls to occupy land. The epidemic is thought to have started at Fort Ross.

In the Calif. Room, State Library, call no. ** cf 865 R 32 A3 is this obscure data p. 5 Ruchel Cook Co. by gold 700 pr Juan Bojorques c. 1848

Maybe this is a record of a transaction and I wonder if the gold has any connection with that buried by his brother Jose Geraldo Bojorques on Rancho Laguna de San Antonio.

BOOK OF DEEDS - Book 4 Page 56 Date: 13 January, 1847

To: Juan Bojorkiss (25 v. on Ws Mkt. Place) FROM: K.H. Dimmick - Alcalde 10.

This Indenture made the fifteenth day of January in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine Between Kimball H. Dimmick, 1st Alcalde of the Pueblo de San Jose for and in the part of said Pueblo of the first part with Juan Bojorkiss of the same place of the second part; that the said part of the first part for and in consideration of the sum of six dollars and fifty cents and the legal fee of this office the receipt thereby is hereby acknowledged hath granted and by these presents doth grand and convey unto the said party of the second part his heirs and assigns all that certain piece or parcel of land lying and being in the Pueblo de San Jose West of Market Place bounded by Julian Cummings at the South East corner; thereby on Market Place thence northerly in said Market Place twenty-five varas, thence Westerly to the Azekia (?) ((acequia ? irrigation ditch)) leaving eight varas in the north for a vera ,thence South about seventeen veras to the lands of Jose Antonio ----(?* (illegible) thence Easterly in said measure north line eighty varas thence Westerly --- (illegible varas thence Easterly to the place of beginning to the same.

To this with all and singular the rights, privledges, and -- (illegible) belonging -- in any -- appertaining to have and to hold the same unto said party of the second part his heirs and assigns forever.

In testimony whereby I have hereinto set my hand and seal the day and year first above written K.H. Dimmick, 1st Alcalde (Note: 13 Jan, 1847 listed as correct date in index to Deeds ? on date in Deed itself.)

BOOK OF DEEDS - Book 3 Page 118 Date: 29 June, 1847

Know all men by these presents that in accordance with the duties of the Junta of the Pueblo De San Jose De Gde in Upper California passed and entered of record on the Twenty-ninth day of June A.D. 1847, and in accordance with the confirmatory duties of the People of said Pueblo passed in primary assembly on the thirteenth day of June of the same year and entered of record in my office and in accordance with the laws and usages ---(illegible) in such cases.

I, John Burton first Alcalde of the Pueblo De San Jose de Gde. duly appointed and qualified according to law do loan unto Juan Bojorkiss and his heirs forever for their use, behood and benefit a tract of five hundred acres more or less of the unoccupied lands of the Pueblo De San Jose De Gde. being known as the plot of a survey now being executed by James D. Hutton Esqr. as Lot Number Eight East of base line the descriptions and boundaries of which lot are morefully described on the back of this instrument being subject to the following conditions and limitation to wit:

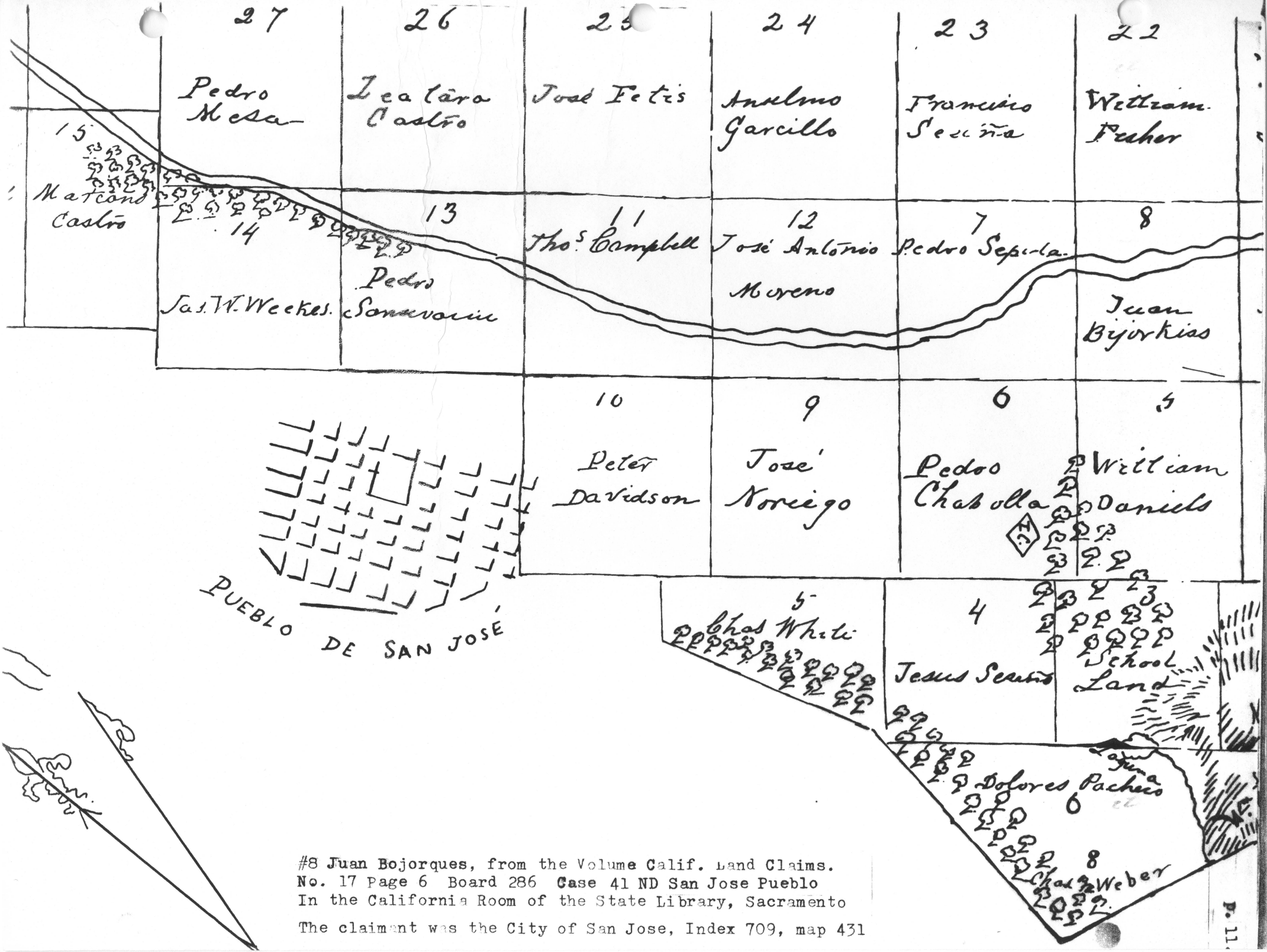
1st Said lot of land shall be subject to a municipal tax three dollars per annum to be paid on the first day of Januaryin each year to the treasury of the Pueblo.

2nd. There shall be planted at each corner of every lot a fruit tree or tree of some other kind as a distinctive mark of its boundaries on or before the expiration of twelve months from date of this instrument said trees or marks to be forever present.

3rd The municipal authorities of the Pueblo De San Jose De Gde. shall forever retain the right of opening and keeping open any roads that may be usefull to the public this any of said lands.

In witness whereby and in behalf of the Junta and People of said Pueblo De San Jose De Gde. I have hereby unto affixed my hand and seal this fifteenth day of August A.D. 1847 Chas. White JP (Justice of the Peace ?) John Burton 1st Alcalde

(Note: I am not sure who sent this, maybe B.T. Sepulveda, but as a Spanish speaker he would have known the meaning of Azekia. Maybe his correspondent Rudecinda Lo Buglio who would have got it from him? The second deed seems to correspond to the plot #8 on the map of San Jose Pueblo lands in the volume Calif. Land Claims in the Calif. Room of the State Library. Whether either of these sites has anything to do with the land mentioned in the will of Bartololeme Francisco Bojorques, the father of Juan Bojorques, I do not know.



#8 Juan Bojorques, from the Volume Calif. Land Claims.
No. 17 Page 6 Board 286 Case 41 ND San Jose Pueblo
In the California Room of the State Library, Sacramento

The claimant was the City of San Jose, Index 709, map 431

S.F. Chronicle, July 19, 1903 . Pioneer Woman Passes To Rest 12.

Mrs. Loretta Bojorques of San Jose Dies at Great Age of Ninety-Three Years

San Jose, July 18. - Mrs. Loretta Bojorques, a pioneer of this county, died today at 224 West San Fernando street at the advanced age of 93. She was born in San Francisco in 1810. She was a member of the old Bojorques family, so well known in the early history of this state, being a daughter of Reyes Berryessa. Her mother was Soularia Bernal. The descendants of the two pioneer families live on the old Bernal rancho at Santa Teresa.

Mrs. Bojorques was married in 1835 at her home in the presidio district and came to Santa Clara to live. For fifty years she and her husband and their children inhabited an old adobe house on the corner of Market and Agnew streets. In 1885 they moved to San Jose. The old lady had been a sufferer from asthma for more than a year. About two weeks ago the pains became too severe for her weakened system to withstand. She is survived by three sons, Bartolo, in San Francisco; John in Santa Rosa, and Avelisando, in Santa Barbara; by one daughter and also by a sister, Mrs. Madelena, living on Locust street, this city. One grandaughter, Mrs. Susie Salezar, lives at 236 Post St, San Francisco.

Note: Her father Jose de los Reyes Berreleza, was shot by Frenont's men on the beach near Mission San Rafael June 28, 1846 with the de Haro twins when Fremont said he had no room for prisoners.

The Spanish and Mexican Adobe and other Buildings in the Nine S.F. Bay Counties by J.N. Bowman, ms. Calif. Room, State Library. Vol. 6. Santa Clara p. 721

62. (75). The Juan Bojorques Adobe Dwelling Site. Late '40's.

It stood on the southeast corner of Alviso and Market.

Juan Bojorques, son of Bartolome Bojorques of Laguna de San Antonio in Marin County, was born in San Jose in 1806; from 1823 to 1831 he was a soldier in the San Francisco Presidio; later he served in the guards of several missions and took part in the Indian fighting north of Sonoma and in the Stanislaus Valley. In 1847 he came to San Jose. In 1850 he deeded a house and lot to his wife, presumably this lot as judged from the meager description given. On the map of 1866 he is indicated as the owner of the adobe house on this block: Stephen Galli, of San Jose, recalls the building in the late '60's as a one story hotel, the Santa Clara house. Undoubtedly it was erected in the very late '40s. (63)

Note: In the late 1960's a former wood corner grocery type building stood at this site and was torn within a few years for the lot was vacant when I returned. Clyde Arbuckle, San Jose Historian, has an old album showing adobe bricks under the eave of the pointed roof of this building so some part of the adobe was retained in the later wooden structure.

In the Calif. Room of the State Library, Sacramento, there is an old volume of unknown origin dating back to the 1860's. It is titled California Land Claims. p. 6, map No. 17, shows the pueblo of San Jose in 1847 and to the south east a plot of land #8 bisected by the river as belonging to Juan Bijorkiss. Whether it is this Juan Bojorques or his cousin namesake, I don't know. On the north is #7 Pedro Sepeda, on the east #22 William Fisher, on the south east #3 John M. Jones and on the west #5 William Daniels. There is the notation-Surveyor's Office San Jose Jan. 21st 1860. It is hereby certified that this is a true copy of a map filed in this office which purports to be a copy of the map made by Hutton which is not to be found. Chas. T. Healy, Co. Surveyor

Recuerdos of Juan Bojorques, taken in dictation of the collection of H.H. Bancroft have been translated into English by Dana Buchanan, Phd. It is mainly about Juan Bojorques participation in Indian campaigns before the American conquest in the central valley and Clear Lake. History of Calif. Vol. IV, 362 and Vol II, p. 446, footnote 27. Also The Society of California Pioneers Quarterly, Sep. 1932, Vol. IX no. 3, p. 197

Data of the Juan Bojorques adobe of Rancho Laguna de San Antonio by J.N. Bowman is given in Part II, Section I

Census Records

1852 Santa Clara Co. D.A.P. typed copy (note the inaccurate ages for pts

Bojorges, Juan 45 mw carpenter b. Cal. Pts. Cal.
Berreyessa, Loretta 40 fw " "
Bojorges, Maria Jesus 12 fw
, Cibriana, 10 mw
, Maria Antonia 8 fw
, Jose Ruiz (Reyes) 7 mw
, Juanita (Juan) 5 fw (mw)
, Bartolo 2 mw

1860 Marin Co. San Antonio Township
22-21 Bojorquez, Juan 40 m laborer fiscal assets $100 c.r.w. b. Cal.
, Loretta 35 f housewife "
, Joseph 12 m at school
, Juan 10 m " "
, Bartolome 8 m "
, Belisario 7 m
, Columbia 9 f
, Pancho 3 m

1870 Santa Clara Co. Milpitas Township
388-363 Borquequez, Juan 68 mw day lab. b. Cal.
, Loretta 50 fw keeping house (lands) $2000 (personal) $200
, Joseph 24 mw
, John 22 mw
, Bartolo 20 mw
, Abellaraeria 17 fw
, Columbia 15 fw

(In San Jose there was a Ramon Bojorkis, 27, laborer, b. Cal. and a Jesus 30 female, b. Mex.)

A search of the 1880 census of Santa Clara Co. would probably find the family there.

Sta. Clara Co. Hist. Soc. Apr. 1972 Vol VIII #4 Directory
p. 9-D84-F88 Bojorquez, John 74 m no business b. Cal. Pts. "
(Alviso St) , Loreta 73 keeping house b. Cal. "
Carillo, Paulina 7 granddaughter b. Cal. "
, Albert 6 grandson b. Cal. "

Notes by H.H. Bancroft's Helpers, Bancroft Library, U. of Cal. Berkeley

Bojorques, Juan S.F. Co. private 1823, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 1823-31
Account with Nathan Spear (no place) 1839-41 Spear papers
Aged 35, at Sonoma, liable to military duty 1844 Vallejo Doc .II 55
Resided in Santa Clara County since 1848, Galindo vs. Black 2368? 50
1877 Juan Bojorges, a native of Cal & now very aged, resides at Sta Clara. He served for many years in the presidial compy of S. Frco. & took part in many campaigns against the Indians. He is very poor

(a translation of the Recuerdos by Dr. Dana Buchanan is seperate)

Recuerdos - (Preface)
Juan 77 living in Sta Clara, served several years in S.F. Presidio Co. took part in several campaigns against Inds. '77 was old & quite poor Bojorges Recuerdos

James Frazier Reed's account book, Cal. Room, State Lib. p. 5 Ruchel Cook Co. by gold 700 pr Juan Bojorques c. 1848

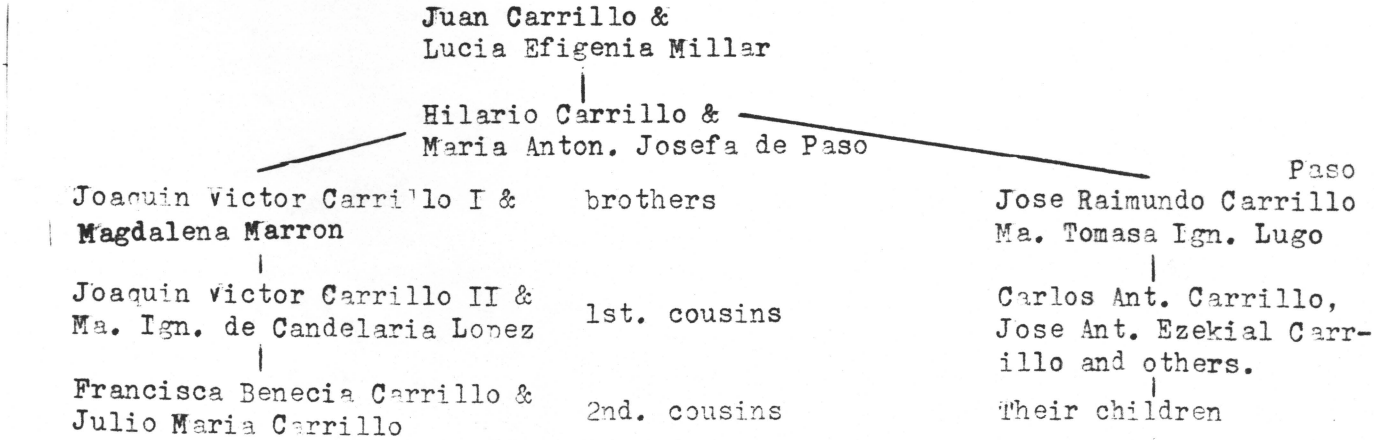
from Morton Chamberlain's 1961 research
History of 1937, Sonoma Co, by Ernest Latimer Finley, Editor
p. 94. Juan Bojorques is mentioned in a will by a Pena (Pina) as owing him - Pena - two young bulls. The will is among the archives kept in a steel vault in the office of the Sonoma Co. Clerk, recorded as No. 70 in the file. It was written at the old Mission building of San Francisco Solano on June 17, 1847, and is signed by the testator's mark. The original document is in Spanish, and is accompanied by an English translation. Filed June 29th, 1853, in probate Court, Jn. Hendly, Clerk.

from: A Place Called Sespe by Robert Glass Cleland, 1940, 1953

Excerpt from the will of Carlos Antonio Carrillo, d. 1852, p. 76

"Like wise I give instructions that there be collected from Senor Don Juan Bojorques the sum of $217 which I entrusted to him in goods in the mission of San Buenaventura, and which I swear on my word of honor he owes me. This obligation in the form of a promissory note falling due in three months is drawn up by Don Francisco de la Guerra, and at his request said document was signed by the aforementioned Bojorques, with this difference, that in signing the document he changed his name. He is commonly known as Juan and he signed his name as Santiago. This note is in the possession of aforementioned Don Francisco de la Guerra, to whom I gave it for collection and now said Bojorques refused to acknowledge the obligation. It is as certain, however, that he owes the debt to me as that we are alive, and if I entrusted to him the forementioned sum it was through the influence of Don Jose Castro who assurme that he was a man of honor and that he controlled a saw mill which produced much money; this took place in the year 1838, and said document can be secured from Don Francisco de la Guerra.

Note: I was long puzzled by the mention of a Juan Bojorques in this will and wondered if it was an unidentified namesake or even his cousin Juan Jose Bojorques. I think the answer is that in 1837 Carlos Antonio Carrillo was appointed Governor of Alta California through the efforts of his brother Jose Antonio Ezekial Carrillo (the same who was exiled to San vicente on the (northern) Frontier in 1831 for his conspiring to send the Mexican Governor of California back to Mexico. In 1836 Jose Antonio Ezekial Carrillo was in Mexico as deputy from Alta Calif. in the Mexican National Congress. Juan Bautista Alvarado did not want to give up being Governor of California until notified officially from Mexico which could take months. Carlos Antonio Carrillo was proclaimed Governor in Los Angeles by himself. Santa Barbara his home town did now accept this but he had support in San Diego. Governor Alvarado went south with a military force under the command of General Castro and Juan Bojorques who was more active militarily than his brothers was probably one of the leather jacket soldiers as he was in the Estanislao and Clear Lake campaigns. A kind of battle was fought at Mission San Buenaventura against the supporters of Carlos Antonio Carrillo. The Santa Barbara garrison was on the Alvarado s ide. Carrillo abandoned L.A. retreating to San Diego. After meetings and negotiations with Alvarado Carrillo was seized and L.A. went over to Alvarado. Would be Governor Carrillo's brother Jose Antonio Ezekial Carrillo was sent under güard to Sonoma as a prisoner where he nearly persuaded Mariano Guadalupe Vallejo to support his brother Carlos Antonio Carrillo as Governor. Vallejo was Alvarado's uncle. General Castro had seized the Carrillo brother for a few days at Santa Barbara. Carillo pledged support to Governor Alvarado and a land grant was made to the Carrillo brothers of Santa Rosa Island. The Carrillo brothers were related to M.G. Vallejo's wife Francisca Benecia Carrillo de Vallejo and her brother Julio Maria Carrillo who was the 2nd. husband of Maria Teodocia Bojorques a sister of Juan Bojorques.



M.G. Vallejo and Juan Bautista Alvarado were also related to the Carrillo brothers. Vallejo's mother was Maria Antonia Isabel Lugo a s ister of Maria Tomasa Ignacia Lugo the wife of Jose Raimundo Carrillo and Juan Bautista Valentin Alvarado was a grandson of M.G. Vallejo's mother Maria Antonia Isabella Lugo

JUAN BAUTISTA BOJORQUES, b. 1848
pts: Juan Bojorques & Maria Loreto Pelagia Berryesa
m. 3 May 1872 Book C San Jose
d. 15 Jan. 1926, San Francisco (see obit) bur. Petaluma

Wife:
ELIZABETH ANGELA HOWE, b. c. 1850
pts: Henry Howe & Maria Angelina de la Luz Bojorques
d. 5 Apr. 1902, Santa Rosa obit-Howe Section

Children:

JOSEPH, b. 1874
m.
d. Aug. 1925. See obit. Dr. (J.C.) Bojorques

JOHN M. b. c. 1875
m.
d. 6 Oct. 1929, car accident. See inquest

WILLIAM HENRY, b.11 Feb. 1876, bap. 17 Apr. St. Vincent de Paul's, Petaluma. Sponsors Peter Bojorques & Teodocia Bojorques
m.
d.

ELIZABETH THEODORA, b.13 Sep. 1877, Tomales. Bap. 20 Oct. St. Vincent de Paul's, Petaluma. Sponsors: Teodocia Bojorques & Carola Howe
m. Charles Edgar Evans
d. 20 Mar. 1944

HARRY, b.187
m.
d.

CAROLINE, b. 187
m.
d.

MARIA de los ANGELES, b. 25 Mar. 1880, bap. 30 Aug. St. Vincent de Paul's Petaluma. Sponsors: Franciscus Howe & Josie Bojorques
m.
d.

WILLIAM LUCAS, b. 18 Oct 1881, bap. 9 Feb. 1882, St. Vincent de Paul's, Petaluma. Sponsors: Charley Howe & Teodocia Bojorques
m. Emma G. Kiddle
d. 6 Mar. 1957, 3808 45th. St. Sacramento. See obit.

OLIVIA, b.
m.
d. 29 Feb. 1911, bur. Petaluma

JOSEPHINE ELIZABETH, b. Same as Elizabeth Theodora?
m.
d.

MARY ANN (ANGELA ?) b. 1 Feb. 1880
m. George Francis "Frank" Farley, 1 Apr. 1902, Sonoma Co.
d. 17 Sep. 1954 bur. Mt. Tamalpais, San Rafael

She is evidently Mrs. J. T. Falley in her father's obit. p. 15, cont. in Howe. From Frances Hall Farley's Farley Geonology sent by Charmaine Burdell.

Since I think at this time this was the only family still named Bojorques in the area this data might apply: Antonia Olivia d. 2-23-1920 v. 4 p. 10. John M. d. 10-6-1929 v. 7 p. 264 (inquest p. 17) William d. 6-18-1935 v. 9 p. 324. Francis d. 10-21-1936 v. 10 p. 173
sent by Charmaine Burdell

John Bojorques, one of the best known residents of Sonoma and Marin counties who for over 50 years has resided in this vicinity and who was born in Santa Clara county 78 years ago, a member of one of the best known families of California died at 2:15 o' clock this morning at the home of his granddaughter, Mrs. James Maloney in San Francisco, following a stroke of paralyeis, a short time ago. The news of his death will come as a big shock and surprise as he was in Petaluma only a short time ago and was then in his apparent good health.

His body was brought to San Rafael today by Ray Keaton and this evening will be br ought to Petaluma by auto hearse by Mr. Keaton and will repose at the home of his dau ghter, Mrs. Charles Evans, 501 Second street until Monday morning when the funeral wi ll take place, with interment in this city

John Bojorques was known to all of the older residents of Sonoma and Marin Counties, and he was a splendid man, known for his immaculate appearance at all times and h his kindly, gentle manner. He was one of the very last of a coterie of old time pioneers and was prominent in the early history of this part of the state, locating here when a young man over half a century ago and always retaining the respect and esteem of his numerous friends and acquaintances. He had a remarkable history.

Mr. Bojorques was the beloved father of Will L. Bojorques of Petaluma. Dr. J.C. and John Bojorques of Lakeport, Mrs. J.T. Falley of Nicasio, Mrs. E. J. Connell of San Rafael and Mrs. Chas. Evans of Petaluma. He leaves 19 grandchildren and 3 great grandchildren and was a man of youthfull appearance and remarkably well preserved and was known for years as an expert and fearless horseman.

Charmaine Burdell says Falley should probably be Farley for she has contacted a descendant.

Census of 1880 - Tomales Township, Marin Co. (Fisherman's now Marconi)

Bojorques, John mw 30 laborer b. Cal. Pts: "
, Lizzie fw 28 wife keeping house
, Joseph 6 son
, John 5 son
, Harry 3 son
, Theodora 4 daughter
, Agilo (?) 3½ daughter

Bojorques, Louis mw. 35 Clam Digger b. Cal. boarded with Alexander Barks family, he is unidentified.

Mrs. Josephine Maloney and Charles Bojorques were children of Joseph Bojorques. She lived in S.F. and He married an Indian and lived at Bodega Bay. Another Daughter was Carrie Connell, her daughter Juanita died in 1920 and another daughter spent her life in a mental institution. Joseph Bojorques abandoned his children. William Lucas Bojorques born in 1881 was a boxer and then a boxing promoter in Petaluma. See his obit.

from Charmaine Burdell Martinelli - 1910 Census Sonoma Co. Santa Rosa, West 7th St. 25 Apr. Pg. 11B, 3488, Dist. 2, Enumeration 162, Ward 6 #129237250

Bojorques, John, ae 61, widowed, Carpenter all b. Ca.
, Olivia 24 dau. single
, Carrie 18 "

CHARLES EDGAR EVANS, b. 25 Dec. 1869, Santa Cruz, Cal. Pts: Williams Evans & Margaret faulkner
m.
d. 10 Apr. 1942, Santa Rosa, Cal.

Wife:
ELIZABETH THEODORA, BOJORQUES, b. 13 Apr. 1877, Tomales, Cal. Pts: John M. Bojorques & Elizabeth Howe. Sponsors: Teodocia Bojorques & Carola Howe, St. Vincent de Paul's, Oct. 20th

Children:
ELIZABETH JEANNETTE, b. 21 Aug. 1902, Olema, Cal.
m. Charles Hudspeth
d. May 1975

ELSIE CAROLINA, b. 26 May 1904, Olema, Cal.
m. 11 Sep. 1920, Franklin Jessie Long
d.

PATRICIA ANGELA, b. 17 Apr. 1906, Olema, Cal.
m. Murphy
d.

WILLIAM E b. 21 Apr. 1913, Olema, Cal.
m. Evelyn Jackson
d.

RICHARD OLIVER, b. 16 Mar. 1920, Petaluma, Cal.
m.
d.

There are descendants in Petaluma - data from a descendant whom I have lost contact with Virginnia Carol Opel Bishop a granddaughter of Elsie Caroline Evans and Franklin Jessie Long. I had corresponded with her in the early 1970's. but lost contact.

CORONER'S REGISTER (Marin Co. p. 125 Sent by Charmaine Burdell
Name of Deceased John Bojorques Address Petaluma, Calif. Date and time received Oct. 6th 1929 Name of person reporting case Dr. Cannon Address Point Reyes Station Male v Femal Color Wh ite Nativity Calif Age 55 Married or single Married Occupation Laborer Place where death occurred County Road 2 miles from Pt. Reyes Station Order of burial signed by Dorothy Bojorques Relationship to Deceased wife Address Petaluma Undertaker Keaton & Auser Address San Rafael Date of Inquest Oct 18, 1929 Place of Inquest Pt. Reyes Station VERDICT Fractured skull due to auto accident
John Keaton coroner

Inquest 1876 Marin County State of California County of Marin
Inquest on the body of John M. Bojorques Before J. Ray Keaton, Coroner Marin County Pt. Reyes Station, October 18, 1929

The following is a transcript of the testimony taken before J. Ray Keaton and a jury in the matter of the death and inquisition of John M. Bojorques. The jury having been duly impaneled and sworn, the following proceedings were had:

CORONER: Gentlemen, we are sitting in the case on John M. Bojorques, who came to his death near Pt. Reyes in this county on the 6th day of October, 1929. He was 55 years of age and a native of California. I will state, gentlemen, the accident occurred down here a few miles, between here and San Rafael.

Robert G. McDonald,

Sworn as a witness, testified as follows:
Coroner: Your residence? Petaluma.
Q. What is your occupation? A I work on ranches up around there.
Q Were you with Mr. Bojorques on the 6th day of October this year? A Yes.
Q Will you make a statement to the jury as to what you know about the accident?
A Well, he was doing the driving and I was asleep when the accident happened.
Q Did you leave here? A We was down to Olema at his cousin's place, Bill Howe. That was around 5 o'clock in the afternoon.
Q Where were you going then? A We were going to Petaluma.
Q You were asleep you say? A. The car belongs to me, but he was driving the car.
Q Did he know how to drive a car? Oh, yes, he has driven a car for quite a few years.

-1-

Q Did the car go over the bank, or what? A It went over the bank right there where it happened.
Q When did you wake up? A I was knocked out after the accident and I never knew anything until I got into Petaluma. His little boy was with us. He was about five or six years old.
Q What kind of car was it? A It was a Chrysler roadster.
Q You say the accident happened about what time? A It was about 5 o'clock when it happened.

Q Was it daylight? A Yes, but I was asleep.

Richard F. Garzoli

Sworn as a witness, testified as follows:
Coroner: Your residence? Pt. Reyes Station.
Q Your occupation? A Well, a little bit of everything.
Q Will you tell us what you know about this accident, what you saw as near as you can remember?
A I was downtown here about halfpast 5, and on the way going home when they passed me up here near the creamery - Jack passed me.
Q Who was driving the car? A Jack was driving and the little boy was in the center and another man on the other side of the car.
Q Then what occurred? A Then I went for supper, and then I came down again, and parties down here tole me there was a bad accident up there and I went up. They were taking the car away and a lot of people were there. When they first passed me it was between halfpast 5 and 6. It wasn't dark.
Q Was it foggy? A It didn't seem like it, everything was pretty clear.

Charles Cerēsa

Sworn as a witness, testified as follows:
Coroner: Your residence? A Pt. Reyes Station.
Q And your occupation? A Truck Driver.

Q Mr. Mr. Ceresa, you were at the scene of this accident on the 6th day of October?
A Yes, sir.

Q Were you one of the first ones at the scene of the accident?
A No, there were several there. I met some women on the road. My wife and I were up at the corner - we took some garbage down at the corner where they throw it in there, and I saw some accident down there, so I says "Let's go down and see what is going on." My wife didn't want to go. Some women said not to go down, that there was two dead men down there. My wife didn't want to go down, so I went down. I saw this car tipped over. I believe I met Mr. Leslie on the road, and he went down with me. The little boy was just coming up by the car. He had hurt his hand a little bit. I went down to the track where this man was lying down, and I turned him around: it seemed like he was all battered up, but he was still living. Then I seen this other man lying down below him and I seen it was McDonald. Then I recognized this man, and I said to Leslie, "Maybe we can do something for him. In the meantime there was somebody else there. We took him down there, down to the track and up the trail and we laid him down, and about that time he was dead. His nerves relaxed and he put his arm down. Then some other folks came walking McDonald down the track. That is about all I saw, and we came down town.
Q What time was this? It was evening, but it was daylight yet.
Q How far did the car go over the bank? A It went over the bank - you could see where it hit the tree, and then you could see where it leaned over against the tree, or electric pole.
A Did Mr. Bojorques make any statement? A No, I don't believe he was even breathing. We couldn't hear him breathe. We could feel his pulse, bit was very light.
Q Is that a straight-away there? A Well, I don't know. It is right after a turn. He was down a little ways from the turn. The wheels kept bounding there and the brakes don't hold very good down that road. It is that way all along that way.

Harry Everett Leslie

Sworn as a witness, testified as follow:
Cornor: Where do you reside? A. Pt Reyes Station.
Q What is your occupation? A Clerk
Q Will you make a statement relative to what you know about this accident?
A I was on my way back from Petaluma and just as I came around the turn I noticed some cars stopped, and as I drove past I looked over the bank and saw this car overturned I drove past and stopped my car and got out. Just then I met Ceresa and we looked over and saw Bojorques. He was lying on the end of the ties, and the other man was lying ten feet further, in the ditch. I went down and felt of Bojorques pulse. There was practically no movement, just a muscular twitching. By that time there was a couple more men there, and I was told we better take him down the track to the level trail, and we carried him down and laid him out, and then there was practically no life. We started back to see about the other man, but he was walking then and we assisted him down the track, and I started back and met Dr. Cannon.
Q Did you see the boy there? A Yes.
Q Did you talk to him? A No, I didn't. The boy was bleeding a little bit and crying. The ladies had him up on the bank.
Q Did you examine the car? A No; I think Mr. Cheda did. He is right here. I don't think there was anything wrong with the steering gear.
Q That was a Chrysler car? A Yes, Chrysler roadster.
Q Not a closed car? A No.
Q How far is it from the road to where the car stopped?
A Well, I didn't see just exactly where they picked up the car from. It was half way up the bank when I saw it. I would figure twenty-five feet from the railroad track. I understand that it dropped to the railroad track afterwards. It was standing up against a telephone pole.
Q Did you know Mr. McDonald? A Yes.
Q You didn't see him that day?
A No, I didn't see anyone. I didn't see any of them that day at all.
Coroner: I have here a statement of Dr. Kuser who performed the autopsy. It reads as follows:

"To whom it May Concern:

This is to certify that I made an autopsy upon the body of John M. Bojorques at the morgue at 10:30 a.m. on October 7th, 1929, and found death to be due to a fracture of the skull.

J.H. Kuser, M.D.
Autopsy Surgeon."

INQUISITION BY CORONER'S JURY
STATE OF CALIFORNIA
COUNTY OF MARIN SS.

In the matter of the Inquisition upon the body of John M. Bojorques deceased — Before J. Ray Keaton, Coroner

We, the undersigned, the jurors summoned to appear before J. Ray Keaton, the Coroner of the County of Marin, at Point Reyes Station on the 18th Day of October 1929, to inquire into the cause of the death of John M. Bojorques having been duly sworn according to law, and having made such inquisition, after hearing the testimony adduced, upon our oaths, each and all do say, that we find the deceased was named John M. Bojorques, was a native of California age 55 years; he came to his death on the 6th day of October 1929, in this county, by Fractured skull due to auto accident.

All of which we duly certify by this inquisition, in writing, by us signed, this 18th day of October 1929.

W.P. Hopkins, Foreman
George R. Molsen
E.S. Grandi
D.F. Muscio
Jessie Shultz
Adolph R. Cheda
Henry E Franzi

(Note: This John M. Bojorques seems to have been the son of Juan Bautista Bojorques and his wife Elizabeth Angela Howe.)

Aug. 1925 - Petaluma Argus — Sent by Charmaine Burdell

OPERATION FOR DR. BOJORQUES At the University hospital, San Francsico, this morning Dr. J.C. Bojorques of Lakeport, brother of W. L. Bojorques of this city who was stricken suddenly some weeks ago while on his way to this city from his home to attend the funeral of his father, the late John Bojorques, was operated upon by Dr. Howard Naffsiger and assistants and was on the operating table for three hours.

The operation was necessary owing to the pressure on the brain which was probably caused by a tumor or other cause and the trouble was spreading and the specialists agreed that unless it was removed the doctor will become permanently blind, hence the operation was decided upon. No news was received here by the relatives after the operation but they are all hoping for the best.

(Note: This is evidently Joseph Bojorques who was a masseur and had deserted his children. He would be a brother of John M. Bojorques.)

Sacramento Bee, Mar. 7, 1957 — William Lucas Bojorques

Final rites will be held at 11 AM Saturday in the Parents Mortuary in Petaluma, Sonoma County, for William L. Bojorques, 75, retired cashier for the Railway Express Agency office there.

Burial will be in the Cypress Hill Memorial Cemetary in Petaluma. Arrangements for the funeral were made in Sacramento by the Harry A Nauman & Son Funeral Home.

Bojorques died Wednesday in his home (Mar. 6th.), 3808 45th Street. He had lived in Sacramento since 1950. The funeral services will be under the auspices of the Petaluma Parlor of the Native Sons of the Golden West.

(Note: William Lucas Bojorques was a brother of the two above, John M. and Joseph Bojorques. He had been a boxer and boxing promoter in the Petaluma area. He is in many old newspaper articles and in the 1960s was often mentioned by Bill Soberanes in his column in the Petaluma Argus Courier. He married Emma G. Kiddle a music teacher.

The article concludes:

He was the husband of Emma and the brother of Mrs. Carrie Connell of San Francisco.

(Note: I think I was told Wm. L. Bojorques and his wife moved to Sacramento because she got tired of playing the piano so much for people in Petaluma.

GEORGE FRANCIS (Frank) FARLEY, b. 27 Feb. 1877, Nicasio, Marin Co. Calif.
Pts; William Tillman Farley & wife Margaret Ann Boreham
m. 1 Apr. 1902
d. 23 Sep. 1939, Alturas, Modoc Co. Calif.
bur. 26th. Mt. Tamalpais cem. San Rafael, Marin, Cal.

He was a dairyman. His father came as a child by covered wagon with his pts. from Iowa to Calif in the 1850's. Lived for a time in the Petaluma adobe.

wife:
MARY ANN (Angela ?) BOJORQUES, b. 1 Feb. 1880 or 25 Mar. 1881 ?
Pts: Juan Bautista Bojorques & Elizabeth Howe
d. 17 Sep. 1954, bur. 20th. Mt. Tamalpais, San Rafael.

Children:

1. FRANCIS HALL, b. 3 Apr. 1902, Nicasio, bap. 17 June, Marshall. Sponsors, William Bojorques & Wilvia Magetti. Tomales records
   m. probably two times
   d. c. 1977 Jackson Co. Oregon. bur. Medford

2. LESTER EARLY b.c. 1903 (21 Sep. ? bap. 1 Sep. 1910. sp. John Bojorques & Amelia Bedin, Tomales records.
   m.c. [illegible],
   d.c. 1978 bur. Calvary, Petaluma. Two known daughters, Rita, Anita

3. GLADYS, b. 19 Dec. 1906, Marshall
   m. Raymond Rogers, his pts: James H. Rogers & Elizabeth Redding
   three known children, Frances, Gladys & Michael
   d.

4. ALOYSIA LUCIA, twin, b. 16 July 1908 or 1910, Marshall
   m. Thomas Roff
   m. 2. McMullen. Children, Richard & Fred Roff. Linda McMullen
   d.

5. LUCY CECILIA, twin, see above. Bap. 1 Sep. 1910, sponsors, Steven & Anna Cavenini Tomales records
   m. Whyhe
   no children
   d.

6. MARCIA MARION, b. 3 Mar. 1911, Marshall
   m. 1. Hincher
   m. 2. Harris
   no children
   d.

This data was sent by Charmaine Burdell Martinelli to whom it was sent by David Acorn a Farley descendant and was done by Sylvia B. Thalman.

The 1873 Marin Co. map shows the Farley place an James Black property to the west of the road from Hick's Valley to Nicasio opposite the Canada Pomponio tract. In 1939 a small book was published by Viking Press with illustrations by the author. It was based on the reminiscences of Kate Farley who came across the plains in a covered wagon. A cousin who shot an Indian woman was turned over to the Indians who skinned him alive. Her brother Robert Kennedy Farley has a brief biography in the 1880 Marin Co. History. The Aug. 18, 1955 Petaluma Argus Courier Centennial edition tells of the Farleys in the article Vallejo's Famous Old Adobe Took More Than A Decade To Complete. Kate Farley said in the book I described that the unfinished part of the adobe was used as stables.

Sent by Robert Ryal Miller

No 346 U.S. Dist Court Northern District
The United States vs Ellen E White. Deposition of Juan Bojorques Claims ? Filed Nov. 19, 1861 W.S. Chevers Clerk 346 ND p. 297

p. 288 Dist. Court No. 346 Land Com. No. 558

Be it remembered that on this 23d day of July A.D. 1861 at San Francisco in the District aforesaid, before me Cutler McAllister a Commisioner duly appointed by the Circuit Court of the United States for the Districts of California to take acknowledgments of bail and affidavits, and also to take depositions of witnesses, in civil causes depending in the Courts of the United States, pursuant to the Acts of Congress in th at behalf, personally appeared Juan Bojorquez a witness produced in behalf of the Claimant in the above entitled cause, now pending in said Court under the Acts of Congress to ascertain and settle the private land claimsin the State of California, who, being duly sworn, testified as follows: F.A. Sawyer Sworn Interpreter
Present ?? H Sharp ? & I J. Williams for the United States Volney E. Howard for Claimant Questions In Behalf of the Claimant

1. State your name, age, and place of residence.
A. Juan Bojorquez-40 yeags of age. I reside in Santa Clara
2. Did you ever reside on what is bow known as ~~San Antonio Creek~~ the Rancho de Laguna de San Antonio?
A. Yes, I did.
3. Who owned the Rancho de Laguna de San Antonio?
A. My father, Bartolome Bojorquez & his family

(Juan Bojorques was born on Dec. 16, 1806)

Q. What year did you go there to reside? A. In 1841.
Q. At that time who was in possession of the Rancho San Antonio?
A. The Rancho de Laguna de San Antonio was in the possession of my Father and myself& bordering on that Ranch the Rancho of Arroyo de San Antonio was in the possession of Ortega and Miranda.
Q. At that time who claimed the Rancho Arrooyo de San Antonio? (Objecte to as irrelevant & incompetant). A. Don Antonio Ortega.
Q. Did Miranda occupy for himself or any one else? (Objected to as incompetant).
A. He occupied it for Senor Ortega
Q. How do you know that fact?
A. Senor Miranda had frequent intercourse with one at my house and he said that the Rancho belonged to Senor Ortega.
Q. Where did Theodore Miranda reside? (Objected to as irrelevant).
A. He lived on the Rancho of Senor Ortega.
Q. Did Theodore Miranda ever tell you for whom he occupied the Ranch? (Objected to as assuming the fact that he occupied it for some one, as irrelevant, leading & incompetant hearsay)
A. He said that he occupied it for Senor Ortega, Ortega promising to give (Miranda) a little piece of land and to give none to anybody else
Ques. by Atty for US.
Q. When and by whom was the Rancho de Laguna de San Antonio granted to your father?
A. I petitioned for myself & my father as the head of the family, in 1849.-The grant was made by Don Pio Pico It was in 1839 that I petitoned for the grant
The last question is repeated to the wintess. (Question objected to as the grant is in writing).
A. I don't remember when the grant was made-the application for it was made in 1839-I don't recollect the year in which it was made.
Q. How long after your petition was it that the grant was issued?
A. I don't know.
Q. Was it as much as a year? A. I don't know.
Q. Was it as much as one year two years or three years?
A. I can't recollect, It was three or four years more or less that my father had the papers
Q. Did you or your father live upon said Rancho before it was granted

to you?
A. Yes, Gen'l Vallejo gave us a paper to enable us to settle there.
Q. Did Gen'l Vallejo give you this paper before or after you petitioned for the land?
A. He gave it to us in 1839, the same year in which I petitioned.
Q. How long did you & your father live upon said Ranch before ~~petitioning for the land?~~ you obtained the Grant?
A. I don't know when the concession was made.
Q. What were the boundaries described in the grant to your father & your petition to the Governor? (Objected to as not responsive to the the examination in chief (?) & as not competant because the grant is in writing & describes the boundaries.
A. The colindantes.
Q. Who were the colindantes described in your petition & the grant? (Question objected to as before).
A. ~~Juan Ortega~~ Don Antonio Ortega & Juan Martin-thats all.
Q. Are you certain that Don Antonio Ortega was s;ecified as one of thos colindantes? A. Yes because he was always one of our colindantes.
Q. When did Juan Miranda tell you he occupied the land for Don Antonio Ortega? A. After we had been there about two years.
Q. Who was present at the conversation & heard him tell you so?
A. In our requent meetings we talked of it & on the road to Tomales, I don't kbow whether any body was present or not. There might have been but I don't recollect.
Q. When did you first see Ortega in possession of the Rancho Arroyo de San Antonio?
A. When I petitioned in 1839 for the Rancho de Laguna de San Antonio, Ortega had a small house on the Arroyo de San Antonio.
Q. You have said he was in possession in 1841, how long did he continue in possession after that? A. I don't know, I don't recollect.
Q. Why do you recollect that he was in possesion in 1841?
A. Because I lived on my Ranch
Q. Did you not live there also in 1842, 1843 & 1844?
A. I lived there until the coming of the Americans.
Q. Was Antonio Ortega in the possession & occupation of the Rancho Arroyo de San Antonio all that time? A. I think he was.
Deposition closed.

his
Juan x Bojorquez
mark

Subscribed & sworn to before me this 23d July A.D. 1861
Cutler McAllister US Commissioner

FROM ROBERT KYAC MILLER

2008-5078